

# Landscove C of E Primary School and Broadhempston Village Primary School Reading Curriculum Statement EYFS -Y6



#### Reading

Our core purpose is for children to develop a love for reading and become independent, fluent readers of a wide range of reading materials including fiction, non-fiction and poetry. Through the design of our curriculum we aim to create a reading culture where children: access inspiring, diverse and challenging texts across a range of genres; read for pleasure; grow their imaginations; escape to new and wider worlds; cultivate reading preferences; share and recommend texts; recognise authors and styles; open doors, understand and apply; communicate, articulate and perform, discuss and challenge; expand vocabulary banks; access learning across the curriculum; apply learning to written work and be ready for their next stage in learning and education. We celebrate reading!

To become an expert reader, children at our school will:

- have a secure knowledge and understanding of phonics, including the ability to apply phonics to develop early reading
- employ a range of other strategies to apply to their reading
- be inspired to have a lifelong love of reading
- read widely and for a range of purposes
- be taught the comprehension and decoding skills required to achieve age related expectations
- experience high-quality texts in a variety of text types as models for writing
- develop and understand a high level of vocabulary from all tiers (Alex Quigley) through regular exposure and specific vocabulary teaching

# Vocabulary

Children's command of vocabulary is fundamental to learning and progress across the curriculum. Vocabulary is developed actively, building systematically on pupil's current knowledge and deepening their understanding of etymology and morphology (word origins and structures) to increase their store of words. Simultaneously, pupils make links between known and new vocabulary, and discuss and apply shades of meaning. In this way, children expand the vocabulary choices that are available to them. It is essential to introduce technical vocabulary which define each curriculum subject. Vocabulary development is underpinned by an oracy culture and a tiered approach. High value is placed on the conscious, purposeful selection of well-chosen vocabulary and appropriate sentence structure to enrich access to learning and feed into written work across the curriculum.

#### Accelerated Reader (AR)

As children become increasingly fluent and able to access more complex and longer texts, they begin to read from our Accelerated Reader Platform and books that are freely available in our class settings. Children take termly Star Reading tests ongoing diagnostic quizzes alongside Babcock teacher reading assessments. AR forms part of teacher's assessment of reading to allow them to closely monitor and track children's progress and identify target areas.

Children are actively encouraged to read from high quality texts that are not on AR, whether books from of book corners, book club, reading spine or home.

#### Reading for pleasure

We aim for children to read daily and select a wide range of texts, including 'archaic texts' in KS2 to ensure the 'plagues of reading' are not a barrier to learning. Each class has a class reader — a story or text that is specifically chosen for the adult to read to the class from our Reading Spine of core texts. Daily exposure to quality books is part of our reading ethos. Each class runs a weekly book club for children to be exposed to a wide range of texts,

#### **Phonics**

Phonics Bug is our platform for teaching phonics. Phonics is the bedrock of reading and opens the door to all curriculum areas so is made a high priority from the outset. It is taught daily and systematically in Reception and Year One using the structure 'recap, teach, practice and apply' Children have pre teach and post teach sessions as required. We use the Phonics Bug schedule of assessment and a Phonics Tracker to swiftly identify pupils who need extra support to keep up.

Each child in Reception and KS1 has an individual Phonics Bug account. Books, games and assessments are allocated by their class teacher to match their stage of learning. Some children will continue to access these accounts in KS2 to provide extra support, activities and intervention as needed.

#### **English sequences**

Inspiring texts are selected from the Babcock Texts that Teach, supported by the principles of Talk for Writing. Children spend time familiarising themselves with the text before imitating and then inventing their own writing based on a familiar structure. Reading outcomes form

# Guided Reading (GR) / Reading comprehension

Guided reading is the time where the teacher really gets to unpick and move learning on. Children are taught decoding and comprehension skills aimed to allow them to achieve, at the very least, age related expectations. Children work on specific targets using a shared text as a class or in groups based on need and context rather than ability. GR is based on the Re-Think Reading Model, supported by VIPERS questioning involving: Vocabulary, Inference, Prediction, Explanation, Retrieval and Summarising. Texts are chosen to ensure full coverage of national curriculum objectives and to provide children with engaging lessons designed to help them become fluent, independent and enthusiastic readers.

Children who are not yet reading independently will have additional focussed story times where high - quality texts can be explored in more depth.

#### Shared reading

Teachers and children collaborate to unpick the text used in the teaching

#### Curriculum/Wider reading

Children experience reading across the curriculum using reading skills for wider understanding and application between subjects. Books are chosen that are high quality and subject or skill specific to allow children to deepen their subject knowledge in targeted areas. Children are taught focussed retrieval skills led by forming questions and seeking answers in the texts provided.

Wider reading opportunities arise in many guises, such as theme days and collective worship. IT is an integral tool in reading across the curriculum with children using iPads and computers to access AR and Phonics Bug activities.

## **Reading Schemes**

We use Pearson's Active Learn
Phonics Bug to teach phonics and
early reading. Our decodable books
are from the Phonics Bug Scheme to
reinforce our phonics teaching. This
is the followed by Bug Club
Independent texts, to bridge the
move from phonics books to AR
books, and to increase fluency,
stamina and comprehension. Pupils
then join AR or select from reading
books in their class, accessing a rich,

authors and genre. Classes have book corners with a wide range of texts for children to read in and out of school. In EYFS and KS1, the children choose a 'sharing book' on a weekly basis to share with their family.

#### Vocabulary

Beck's tiered approach is applied to explicitly teach, define, understand and contextualise new vocabulary, including through investigating the structures and origins of language. Teachers identify and plan tier 2 and 3 words into their planning. These words are transferrable and can be used in many contexts in core and curriculum areas to support children's reading, writing and oral skills. Direct vocabulary instruction using transferrable words, often based on subject specific key skills, that children can use frequently, is embedded into each unit of work. Words are displayed on working walls. These words are revisited frequently to ensure they are embedded and retained by the children. Having a word rich environment is a non-negotiable of our classrooms and school.

an integral part of our writing sequences. There is often a focus on reading performance, audience and the prosody of language with the final outcomes of our sequences.

#### Reading at home

Reading at home is part of weekly home-learning expectations. As children start school parents are given advice on how best to support reading at home. This is re-visited annually in class meetings. Agerelated books are selected based on reading ability. In reception and Year 1 these are read in school and sent home to consolidate the children's phonics skills. Books are changed as needed. Reading stories to children is actively encouraged. Sharing books are sent home for families to read together to develop pleasure for reading.

sequence, guided reading and across the curriculum. They look at specific features such as: author intent, what puzzles them, what they know/want to know, what they predict, etc. They rehearse 'reading as a writer' so that they can 'write as a reader'.

#### Interventions

Children who need extra support are identified early in their reading journey and robust, effective interventions are put in place as soon as they are needed. These include: short quick fire daily phonic recap, precision teaching, daily reading, small group targeted interventions, support in class, TA guidance, pre and post teaching, phonics bug catch up activities and individual phonic bug accounts to provide the robust and effective reinforcement that is needed. Identified KS2 children benefit from the continuation of phonics teaching through our Phonic Bug platform alongside the use of targeted programmes.

wide variety of authors, to further increase confidence and fluency.

In ord	ler to	assess	impact	- a guide
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Children talk positively about reading, discussing texts and making recommendations. Children will enjoy reading.

Transitions between classes/year groups are smooth and progressive.

By reading and being exposed to texts, children know more. They make links between texts and use their ever-growing vocabulary, grammatical patterns and ideas in their writing. Reading is taught progressively, and children will cover National Curriculum objectives at an appropriate stage for individuals.

Attainment is measured using National statutory tests. Each year, children are expected to have made good progress and meet ARE. Some will achieve greater depth and those not meeting ARE will receive specific intervention.

# Assessment evidence – a guide

EYFSP	KS1	Years 3-5	Year 6
Reception Baseline assessment  Early Learning Goals (ELG)	Phonics screening check and optional Year 2 SATS	Non-statutory evidence gathering grids (Babcock)	Statutory test: Year 6 SATs Year 6 evidence gathering grids for moderation (Babcock)
Larry Learning Goals (LLG)	Ongoing Phonic assessments using	AR assessments - quizzing and Star	moderation (Babcock)
Ongoing Phonic assessments using the Phonics Bug schedule of assessment	the Phonics Bug schedule of assessment	Reading, half termly reading assessment	AR assessments - quizzing and Star Reading, half termly reading assessment
		SIMs – in-house data and progress	
Observations of reading behaviour including through Tapestry.	Non-statutory evidence gathering grids (BABCOCK)	tracking	SIMs – in-house data and progress tracking
		Teacher assessment - observations	
Talking to pupils and parents.	AR assessments - quizzing and Star Reading, half termly reading	of reading behaviour and discussion	Teacher assessment - observations of reading behaviour and discussion
Independent and home reading	assessment	Guided reading records	
records		Home reading records	Guided reading record sheets
	SIMs – in-house data and progress	1:1 reading records	Home reading records
Running records to assess fluency and accuracy	tracking		1:1 reading records

Teacher assessment - observations of reading behaviour and discussion

Written and verbal responses to reading activities

Written and verbal responses to reading activities

Guided reading records Home reading records 1:1 reading records

## Reading support / intervention

Children are monitored closely from the start of their reading journey to identify any weaker areas and to address them quickly and effectively. In KS1 targeted children receive daily phonics interventions such as: 1:1 focus on specific phonemes, small group reinforcement or extra teaching sessions, pre and post teach activities, precision teaching, additional Phonic Bug lessons, Phonics Bug catch up activities and specific Phonic Bug allocations. Children remain in their first teach sessions and interventions are provided outside of this time. Targeted children will receive additional reading opportunities with the teacher /TA which focus on individual need. Where children are not ready for guided reading, they read in a supported small group or on a 1:1 basis with a teacher/TA. In KS2 identified children continue to receive specific phonic interventions based on assessments. This may be individually or in groups to address specific phases and/ or skills.

Good communication with parents ensures children are supported in reading both at home and school.

	Progression in Reading							
	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Decoding / Word Reading	*use phonic knowledge to decode regular cvc/ccvc/cvcc words and read them aloud accurately *read and understand simple sentences *read some common irregular/tricky words	*apply phonic knowledge to decode words *respond with the correct sound for graphemes for all 40+phonemes – including alternative sounds *read accurately by blending taught GPS *read common exception words eg: the, said, once, she, friend, school	*apply phonic knowledge and skills consistently to decode unfamiliar words quickly and accurately *read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes *read poly-syllabic words containing these graphemes *read common suffixes such as: - ment, -less, -ness, -ful	– including fairy	*read with fluency a range of age appropriate text types – including fairy stories, myths and legends, poetry, plays, non-fiction books – reading at a speed sufficient for them to focus on understanding *read most common exception words effortlessly – noting unusual	*fluently and automatically read a range of age- appropriate texts including both modern fiction and those from our literary heritage; books from other cultures; myths, legends and traditional stories; poetry; plays; non-fiction and reference or text books *determine the	*fluently and effortlessly read the full range of age- appropriate texts including both modern fiction and those from our literary heritage; books from other cultures; myths, legends and traditional stories; poetry; plays; non-fiction and reference or text books *determine the	

		*read common	and -ly	those in the Y2 spelling	correspondence	meaning of new words	meaning of new words
		suffixes -s, -es, - ing, -	*read exception	appendix – noting	between spelling and	by applying	by applying
		ed, -est	words, noting unusual	unusual	sound	morphological	morphological
		*read poly-syllabic	correspondences	correspondence	*know the full range of	knowledge of root	knowledge of root
		words containing	(including words from	between spelling and	GPCs and use phonic	words and affixes eg:	words and affixes eg:
		taught GPCs	the Y2 Spelling	sound	skills consistently and	suspect/suspicious,	ambitious, infectious,
		*read contractions	appendix such as	*know the full range of	automatically to	change/changeable,	observation,
		such as I'm, can't,	because, beautiful,	GPCs and use phonic	address unfamiliar	receive/reception	innocence
		we'll.	everybody, should,	skills consistently and	words with few errors	*know securely the	*use appropriate
		*Know that	whole, parents,	automatically to	*determine the	different	intonation, tone and
		apostrophes represent	money)	address unfamiliar or	meaning of new words	pronunciations of	volume when reciting
		omitted letters	*To develop fluency	challenging words	by sometimes applying	words with the same	or reading aloud to an
		*read aloud	read most words	*determine the	knowledge of root	letter-string eg:	audience making the
		phonically-decodable	quickly and accurately	meaning of new words	words and their affixes	bought, rough, cough,	meaning clear by how
		texts	without overt	by sometimes applying	eg information,	though, plough	they present the text
		*read pseudo words	sounding and blending	knowledge of root	invasion, enclosure,	*use appropriate	, .
		with accuracy –	*read some	words and their affixes	mountainous	intonation, tone and	
		including vowel	phonically-decodable	eg: disagree,	*prepare poems and	volume when reciting	
		digraphs and trigraphs	books with fluency,	misbehave, incorrect	play scripts to read	or reading aloud to an	
			sound out unfamiliar	*prepare poems and	aloud and perform –	audience with an	
			words automatically	scripts to read	demonstrating	intention to make the	
			*reread books to build	aloud/perform – show	understanding by	meaning clear	
			up fluency and	appropriate intonation	showing appropriate	g o.ca.	
			confidence	and volume when	intonation and volume		
			331111313133	reciting	when reciting to		
					reading aloud		
	Begin to listen to and	*listen to and discuss a	*listen to, discuss and	*listen to, discuss and	*listen to, discuss and	*read a growing	*demonstrate a
	discuss a wide range of	wide range of poems,	express views about a	express views about a	express views about a	repertoire of texts –	positive attitude by
	poems, stories and	stories and non-fiction	wide range of	wide range of fiction,	wide range of fiction,	both fiction and non-	frequently reading a
	non- fiction at a level	at a level beyond that	contemporary and	poetry and plays –	poetry and plays –	fiction	wide range of texts –
	beyond that at which	at which they can read	classic poetry, stories	sometimes at a level	beginning to justify		both fiction and non-
Range of	they can read	independently	and non-fiction at a	beyond that which	comments		fiction
reading	independently	*link what they read or	level beyond that at	they can read			
	*Begin to link what	hear read to their own	which they can read	independently			
	they read or hear read	experiences	independently	,			
	to their own		,				
	experiences						
	Begin to become	*become very familiar	*become increasingly	*identify themes and	*identify themes and	*be familiar with a	*demonstrate
Familiarity	familiar with key	with key stories, fairy	familiar with and retell	conventions in a range	conventions in a range	range of text types	familiarity with
Familiarity	stories, fairy stories	stories and traditional	a wide range of	of books	of books including the	including modern and	different texts types
with texts	and traditional tales,	tales, retelling them	stories, fairy stories		conventions of myths	traditional fiction;	*accurately identify
	retelling them and	and considering their	and traditional tales		and play scripts and	books from other	and comment on the

	considering their	particular	*recognise simple		begin to make	cultures; myths,	features, themes and
	particular characteristics *Begin to recognise and join in with predictable phrases	characteristics *recognise and join in with predictable phrases	recurring literary language in stories and poetry		comparisons	legends and traditional stories; poetry; plays; non-fiction and reference books *discuss and comment on themes and conventions in various	conventions across a range of texts and understand their use
Poetry and Performance		*appreciate rhymes and poems, and recite some by heart	*build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciate these and recite some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	*recognise some different forms of poetry such as shape poems, free verse or narrative and explain their differences	*recognise, compare and evaluate several different forms of poetry such as free verse, rhyming, shape, narrative, humorous etc	read and recite age- appropriate and more challenging poetry that has been learned by heart	*demonstrate that they have learned a wide range of poetry by heart
Word Meanings	Begin to discuss word meanings, link new meanings to those already known	*discuss word meanings, link new meanings to those already known	*discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary *discuss favourite words and phrases	*explain the meaning of words in context; use dictionaries to check meanings *discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination	*explain the meaning of more words in context with greater precision; using dictionaries to check meanings independently *discuss and explain words and phrases that capture reader's interest/imagination	*discuss their understanding of the meaning of words in context – finding other words which are similar	*explore finer meanings of words *show, discuss and explore their understanding of the meaning of vocabulary in context
Understanding	*demonstrate their understanding when talking with others about what they have read.	*draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher *check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading	*discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related *draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher *check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading	*check the text makes sense, reading to the punctuation and usually re-reading or self-checking *explain and discuss their understanding of the text eg: explain events; describe a character's actions *identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning eg: trembling indicates that the child is scared;	*check that the text makes sense, reading to the punctuation and habitually re-reading *explain and discuss their understanding of the text eg: describe a sequence of events; the way a character changes through the story etc *identify and summarise main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph *identify how	*provide straightforward explanations for the purpose of the language, structure and presentation of texts eg: use of bullet points; how a letter is set out; introductory paragraphs *make comparisons within and across texts eg: compare two ghost stories *distinguish fact from	*identify language, structural and presentational features in texts and explain how they contribute to meaning *use contextual evidence to make sense of the text *make accurate and appropriate comparisons within and across different texts *distinguish between

				text box provides a list of quick facts	language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning including identifying key topics within paragraphs	accuracy and awareness of ambiguity *summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph – identifying key details which support the main idea	accurately and discuss ambiguity between the two *confidently summaries content drawn from more than one paragraph
Inference		*discuss the significance of the title and events *make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	*make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done *answer and ask questions	*draw inferences and justify with evidence eg: characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions or words	*draw inferences and justify with evidence eg: characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions /words – and draw comparisons with little prompting	*draw inferences and justify these with evidence from the text eg: explain how a character's feelings changed and how they know this	*make developed inferences and explain and justify with textual evidence to support their reasoning
Prediction	Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in a story.	*predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	*predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	*predict what might happen from simple details both stated and implied	*make credible predictions about what might happen from details stated and implied	*make credible and insightful predictions	*make credible and insightful predictions which are securely rooted in text
Authorial intent						*discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language – and its effect on the reader	*identify the effect of language, including figurative; explain and evaluate its effect – including impact and suitability of choice

Non-fiction	Use non-fiction to explore people, cultures and communities, and past and present	*listen to and discuss a range of non-fiction texts, draw on what they already know and on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher	*be introduced to non- fiction books that are structures in different ways	*listen to and discuss a range of non-fiction and reference or text books that are structured in different ways; identify their characteristics and recognise typical presentational features *retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts	*listen to and discuss a range of non-fiction and reference or text books that are structured in different ways recognising typical presentational features *know how information is signposted in reference book and use this to retrieve and record information / reference texts		*retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts — independently and creatively
Discussing reading	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poem where appropriate.	*participate in discussion about what is read to them, take turns and listen to what others say *explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them	*participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what other say *explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those they read for themselves	*engage with a range of texts, making choices and explaining preferences; start to know preferred authors and text types; talk about books read both in and out of school *during discussion about texts, ask questions to improve their understanding; take turns and listen to what others have to say	*engage with a range of texts, making choices and explaining preferences; know some text types; talk about books read both in and out of school making textual references *during discussion about texts, ask relevant questions to improve their understanding; take turns and build on what others have to say	*recommend books to others – giving detailed reasons *readily ask pertinent questions to enhance understanding *participate confidently in discussion about books, expressing and justifying opinions, building on ideas and challenging others' views courteously *explain what they know or have read – including through formal presentations and debates, using notes where necessary	*state own preferences and recommend books to others – giving substantiated reasons *pose hypotheses and ask probing questions to enhance understanding *discuss books, expressing and justifying opinions, building ideas and challenging others' views courteously *explain their understanding of what they have read – including through formal presentations and debates – maintaining a focus on the topic